

	(1/2) of the minimum continuous field-of-view requirement, centered on the zero degree azimuth line relative to the aircraft fuselage.							
	An SOC is required and must explain the system geometry measurements including system linearity and field-of-view.							
<b>6.c.</b>	(Reserved)							
<b>6.d.</b>	The simulator must provide a continuous collimated visual field-of-view of at least 176° horizontally and 36° vertically or the number of degrees necessary to meet the visual ground segment requirement, whichever is greater. The minimum horizontal field-of-view coverage must be plus and minus one-half (1/2) of the minimum continuous field-of-view requirement, centered on the zero degree azimuth line relative to the aircraft fuselage.							The horizontal field-of-view is traditionally described as a 180° field-of-view. However, the field-of-view is technically no less than 176°. Additional field-of-view capability may be added at the sponsor's discretion provided the minimum fields of view are retained.
<b>6.e.</b>	An SOC is required and must explain the system geometry measurements including system linearity and field-of-view.							
	The visual system must be free from optical discontinuities and artifacts that create non-realistic cues.							Non-realistic cues might include image "swimming" and image "roll-off," that may lead a pilot to make incorrect assessments of speed, acceleration, or situational awareness.
<b>6.f.</b>	The simulator must have operational landing lights for night scenes. Where used, dusk (or twilight) scenes require operational landing lights.							
<b>6.g.</b>	The simulator must have instructor controls for the following: (1) Visibility in statute miles (km) and runway visual range (RVR) in ft.(m); (2) Airport selection; and (3) Airport lighting.							